MINERAL ID LAB: HARDNESS, COLOR, LUSTER, STREAK

Note: Anything marked in gray is filled in by the instructor. All other fields, checks, and write-ups to be completed by you!

Name:	Course section ID
Date received: Due Date:	
The following Due Date Penalty applies: -10% / day	□ 100% or%
Overall HM, COLOR, LUSTER, STREAK LAB Grade:	0/0
	/50

Lab Access Badge #:	Lab safety training comple	eted on:	
Maintenance Infraction(s):	Assigned Lab Equipment BIN n	umber:	
□ Warning Only! \Box -5% \Box -10% \Box -15% and Lab Revocation	Assigned PLM n	umber:	
	ation - Volume I: Mineral ID Tests and Deter		
3 PHYSICAL MINERAL ID - MOHS HARDNESS (HM) p.18			
4 PHYSICAL MINERAL ID - SU	p.22		
6 STREAK	6 STREAK		

ASSIGNMENTS: I am using the client sample alternate sample

/10 COMPOSITION & LAYOUT - 2 point deduction per infraction

The appearance is neat and orderly. Generally, the template is followed. The lab is typed, and graphics and data are electronically prepared and analyzed. Subscripts and superscripts are appropriately used, and equations are explained. The lab is complete with all fields populated. Graphics and data are placed in a coherent form. Proper formatted citations are included.

/10 WRITING & GRAMMAR - one point deduction per infraction

Spelling and grammar are correct. Word repetition and use of first person language is avoided. Statements are factually correct. Appropriate and complete language becoming to a professional report is used.

- /20 METHOD, EXECUTION, DATA COLLECTION one or multiple point deduction per infraction The METHOD (NOT Procedure or Instructions!) is adequately described and explanation for using the METHOD is given. Appropriate methodology of the lab is evident from the writing and data. Make / Model of instrumentations used is indicated. Any software or App used is cited. For numerical data, significant figures are watched and applied and precision is calculated. When appropriate, one or multiple controls are used and described to identify the integrity of the data. Any data inconsistencies are explained.
- /10 GRAPHICS, ILLUSTRATIONS, TABLES one or multiple point deduction per infraction At minimum a graphical representation of the lab set-up and/or execution is required. All illustrations must be electronically prepared. Pictures should be clear, of high quality, and with neutral background. Graphs should have a title with appropriate axis and unit labels. Graphics need to meet minimum resolution (300 DPI) requirements. All graphics & tables have properly formatted captions. Citation of source must be included in the captions.



ALL ANSWERS MUST BE TYPED USING A WORD PROCESSOR! This includes chemical formulas, equations, tables and special characters. Become intimately familiar with these functions in your preferred word processor. Where graphics are indicated insert the proper graphic or picture. Be familiar with placing and sizing visuals into a written document. Attach your completed document(s) to this sheet!

LAB PROCEDURE: You may work with a partner for collecting data and running the lab experiments. However, <u>this is **NOT** a group project</u>. Each individual in the group is responsible for his/her own lab write-up, which includes OWN pictures, data tables, graphics, etc.! Do **NOT** copy and share except for RAW data!!!



For ALL assignments use a citation's database:

ZOTERO citationsZOTERO is a citations database that incorporates itself into Word and your Browser.Free open source software available at https://www.zotero.org/	
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Note: You may use a different citations database, if desired. But you MUST use a citations database!

NOTE: After downloading and installing ZOTERO, take an hour or two to become familiar with the operation of the software. One of your first tasks will be to set the citation style to the United States Geologics Survey (USGS) format in ZOTERO. The USGS citation system will be required for this course and your final product.

Loading the USGS citation format into ZOTERO: Once Zotero Standalone is installed, click on "Preferences" under the Edit tab. Once there click on "Cite" and go to the "Styles" tab. Click on the "Get additional styles..." below the Styles Manger Box. When the Zotero Styles Repository Window opens, click on the "geology" button within the "Fields" section. A list of geology journals should now appear. Scroll down to the U.S.Geological Survey and click on it. The U.S.G.S style will now be part of your Zotero system and you can set your citations to be formatted accordingly in Zotero.

General Writing Instruction Summary:

- Use professional language, which means AVOID first person expressions such as "I", "we", "our". Use normal prose, active voice and third party language. Do NOT use informal wording, contractions, jargon, slang terms, or superlatives. Exclude similes/metaphors (and humor!)
- Use present tense to report well accepted facts, e.g. 'Pyrite is a sulfide mineral'. Use past tense to describe specific results, e.g. 'When acid was applied, the specimen effervesced'
- Be quantitative wherever relevant (stats, numbers etc.).

Subscript & Use appropriate subscript and superscript, especially when it comes to chemical formulas and mathematical units.. Acceptable examples: 2.9 g/cm³, H₂O, PO₄₃₋, a_e=9.8m/s²

Unacceptable examples: 2.9 g/cm3, H2O, PO4 3-, ag=9.8m/s^2

• Use precise concrete language, no ambiguity e.g, 'correlated' ≠ 'related'. Use simple language – no unnecessary "frills" (distractions). Pay attention to sentence structure and grammar

COMPILING TABLES, FIGURES and EQUATIONS

GRAPHICS are the heart of any report. Nothing is more true than in science that a picture is worth a thousand words. Always compile graphics first and then write your text focusing on your graphic. In order to create good graphics and photographs, follow the instructions below.

Cameras and Photos:

Cell phones with a 7.2MP camera are usually ok. When taking pictures, lighting and background is key. This means dark objects should be photographed with light or white backgrounds (sheet of paper) and visa versa for light objects. Having adequate lighting will also help to get sharp, crisp, in focus pictures. Blurry and out of focus pictures are not acceptable.

Graphics:

You should be able to modify, enhance, annotate or overlay graphics. Minimum resolution is 300dpi. Make sure graphics are crisp,

clear and any label is easily readable. All graphics should have a caption stating the author and/or citation. Preferably use lossless graphic formats, such as .tif or .bmp. Unfortunately .jpg is NOT lossless and will degrade a little every time you open and save it again in order to manipulate picture contents.

Graphics Editor Software: You will need a graphics editor and learn how to use it. Windows comes with its default Windows Paint editor. It is found in the Windows Accessories Folder. For a more advanced option with many more professional features you may try GIMP: <u>https://www.gimp.org/</u> This is a FREE, open source image editor working across all computing platforms (Windows, Apple, Linux, etc.). The software comes with ample documentation and examples on how to manipulate any picture or graphic.

Screen Capture Software: A screen capture or snipping software is advantageous in order to only grab the part of a graphic from the screen that is important or necessary. Windows 10 comes with a default snipping tools, such as "Snip & Sketch" found in its own folder or "Snipping Tool" found in the Windows Accessaries Folder. <u>Note:</u> When snapping a picture, make sure it is large enough on the screen to capture enough pixels to have adequate resolution for the final product.

NOTE: Compiling acceptable and good looking graphics and photographs is very involved and can not be rushed. These are often the heart of any report and should be compiled BEFORE writing. Last minute thrown together graphics will without doubt lower your grade on the client report significantly.

COMPOSITION, LAYOUT, WRITING & GRAMMAR SUMMARY

Language

The following list is an example of common faults in language usage and attribution.

Errors / Mistakes / Faults	Examples with margin Fault Counts & Codes		
Spelling: incl. capitalization errors & spacing		The mineral <u>florite</u> has a <u>mohs</u> hardness of four. Nicolas Steno_was trained in the classical texts on science.	
Grammar:			
incl. punctuation, superfluous words, transpositions	speed.	Isometric crystals are also isotropic <u>H</u> ere light propagates at the same	
Style:		Rocks are composed of many many minerals mixed.	
incl. paragraph,			
repetitive expressions / words	Para.	in the geologic sciences. Near the end of the 19 th a new theory	
erroneous expression / words,	<i>rep</i>	is a light colored mineral. These light colored minerals are often light	
sub- or superscription,		Stalactites hang from the <u>sealing?</u> of a limestone cave.	
unprofessional style,	sup	The density of quartz is 2.65 g/cm <u>3</u> .	
word insertion		I was investigating the outcrop with my group.	
		Sodium sulfate forms a chalky, incoherent precipitate. <i>amorphous?</i>	
Sentence:		Λ	
incl. grammar,			
run-on,		The density of gold is greater then? the density of silver.	
strings of nouns		Pyrite has a symmetrical crystal structure, it is cubic.	
		<u>Skarn mineral zonation?</u> is apparent in the sample.	

Content

Errors in content are spelled out. Severe infractions may count for multiple errors.

Errors / Mistakes / Faults	Examples with margin Fault Counter & Codes		
Unclear / erroneous statements	unclear, units?	Mohs hardness of the mineral in question is 16.5.	
False / nonsense	Nonsense	Glaciation cause severe metamorphism of the region	

TABLES, FIGURES & EQUATIONS SUMMARY

Tables	Each table must be sufficiently complete that it could stand on its own, separate from text.				
	Only HORIZONTAL lines are allowed in tables. Do NOT use any VERTICAL lines.				
	DO consecutively number and caption tables and refer to them accordingly within your text. Captions go ABOVE the table. DO provide a short description of your table within the caption. DO place your tables appropriately, closest to their mention in the text. DO make sure tables are legible and reproduce well. Print can be smaller than text, with an 8pt size minimum. DO appropriately label columns. Do NOT forget units for numeric values.				
	AVOID splitting tables across pages.				
Figures	Each figure must be sufficiently complete that it could stand on its own, separate from text.				
	 DO number and caption figures consecutively and refer to them accordingly within your text. Captions go BELOW the figure. DO provide a short description of your figure within the caption. DO place your figures appropriately, closest to their mention in the text. DO use appropriate citations for figures that are NOT your own. If you use a figure that has been modified by you, the phrase "modified after" is most appropriate. Photos should show the name of the photographer. DO make sure figures are legible and reproduce well. Print can be smaller than text, with an 8pt size minimum. Use a minimum resolution of 300dpi. This is a common publication standard. AVOID cluttering of figures with too much detail. Simplify if necessary. AVOID moire patterns in photos, a nuisance in copied or scanned pictures. Most scanners come with a moire pattern removal tool. GRAPHS Understand graphs: Bar graphs and/or line graphs are used when plotting nominal vs. ratio or interval data. Scatter plot graphs are used when plotting numeric data. DO make sure that the graph axis are appropriately labeled and scaled. Axis should have titles as well as scalar units. DO use electronic means to generated graphs. Hand drawn graphs are <u>no longer acceptable</u>. 				
Equations & Computations	\Box Equations should contain explanation of symbols used. \Box A reader should be able to follow where your values or numbers come from. Indicate accordingly. \Box WRITE DOWN UNITS!!!! \Box Show equations used before indicating any computationAcceptable Example: $F = m \times a = 0.034 kg \times 9.8 \frac{m}{s^2} = 0.33 \frac{kgm}{s^2}$ where <i>m</i> is mass of the object in kg as determined with a triple beam balance and <i>a</i> is the gravitational acceleration. <i>F</i> indicates force expressed in kgm/s^2 or <i>N</i> (Newtons).Unacceptable example: The answer is 0.33. This is obtained by multiplying gravity by 0.034.				

MINERAL ID LAB: HARDNESS, COLOR, LUSTER, STREAK MOHS HARDNESS (HM)

Name:

Course section ID

POPULATE AND COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING:

Description of METHOD (NOT procedure or instructions) - One paragraph; 3 - 5 sentences:

Instruction:

Use a pure <u>unknown</u> sample to establish MOHS HARDNESS (HM) using a variety of scratch tests against known materials as explained in the Lab Manual. Establish HM three times using different sample pieces if at all possible.

Check if CLIENT SAMPLE □Yes □No

HM Material	TEST 1	TEST 2	TEST 3	Scratch Effort	RESULT
GLASS	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	□Hi □Moderate □Lo	
	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	□Hi □Moderate □Lo	
	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	□Hi □Moderate □Lo	
	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	□Hi □Moderate □Lo	
	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	□Yes □No	□Hi □Moderate □Lo	
	HM FINAL RESULT:				

MINERAL ID LAB: HARDNESS, COLOR, LUSTER, STREAK COLOR OBSERVATION

Name:

Course section ID

Munsell Color System

Red

10

Gree

Valu

Purple-Blue

POPULATE AND COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING:

Description of METHOD (NOT procedure or instructions) - One paragraph; 3 - 5 sentences:

Instruction:

Color must be observed under natural or near natural lighting and is best accomplished in sunlight or in artificial lighting with a CRI (Color Rendering Index) of 95 or greater. Determine color for both fresh and weathered sample surfaces, as applicable.

For accurate description use the Munsell Color chart is used. The chart consists of various color tiles that determine color by chroma, hue and value. Color is simply determined by comparing the color of a tile in the Munsell chart with the color of the sample. Once a match is found by simple comparison, the color can be recorded both descriptive and as a numeric code.

You may use the Departments Munsell Chart Book version or download one of the many free cell phone apps to determine the color of your sample.

In addition, determine if your sample displays Idiochromatic, Allochromatic, or Pseudochromatic color.

Check if CLIENT SAMPLE
UYes
No

FRESH	Munsell Color Code:	Descriptive Color:
WEATHERED	Munsell Color Code:	Descriptive Color:
Overall Color Assessment:		□Idiochromatic □Allochromatic □Pseudochromatic Rationale:

MINERAL ID LAB: HARDNESS, COLOR, LUSTER, STREAK LUSTER OBSERVATION

Name:

Course section ID

POPULATE AND COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING:

Description of METHOD (NOT procedure or instructions) - One paragraph; 3 - 5 sentences:

Instruction:

Luster is also observed under natural or near natural lighting and is best accomplished in sunlight or in artificial lighting with a CRI (Color Rendering Index) of 95 or greater.

Determination of Luster is rather subjective. Refer to the Lab Manual for the descriptive luster of both weathered and fresh sample surfaces, as applicable.

Check if CLIENT SAMPLE

Yes

No

Overall Luster Assessment:	□Metallic	□Non-Metallic
Descriptive Luster		

Descriptive Luster:

MINERAL ID LAB: HARDNESS, COLOR, LUSTER, STREAK STREAK OBSERVATION

Name:

Course section ID

POPULATE AND COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING:

Description of METHOD (NOT procedure or instructions) - One paragraph; 3 - 5 sentences:

Instruction:

Streak Color can also be determined using the Munsell Color Chart and the observation is best executed under natural or near natural lighting. Determine the streak color for both fresh and weathered sample surfaces, as applicable.

Check if CLIENT SAMPLE
Ves

Streak Color Fresh Surface	Munsell Color Code:	Descriptive Color:
Streak Color Weathered Surface	Munsell Color Code:	Descriptive Color:
Overall Streak Color As	sessment:	

Possible Minerals, if applicable: - use STREAK in conjunction with HM -

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CITATIONS: if applicable! ALL citations should be processed through the ZOTERO citation database software, freely available at https://www.zotero.org/

As minimum citation, the Munsell Color Chart should be referenced!

Citations should follow the USGS citation standard!

GENERAL NOTES:

- If you are using the CLIENT SAMPLE, then everything in the **green framed fields** needs to be transferred to your final client report as indicated in the report outline and template.
- Pay particular attention to the grading and comments / feedback associated with the **green framed fields**. Your grade on the final report depends in part on you incorporating these corrections.